

SST History**Multiple Choice Questions (1 Marks)****5 x 1=5**

- 1) San culottes meant: **1.0**
- A) Without knee breeches
 - B) Tunics
 - C) Loose clothes
 - D) Comfortable clothes
- 2) The term 'enclosure movement' refers to: **1.0**
- A) Shifting cultivation practiced by pastoralists
 - B) Legal division of pasturelands in favor of settled farmers
 - C) Development of new grazing techniques
 - D) Urbanization of pastoral communities
- 3) Who was the King of France at the time of the Revolution? **1.0**
- A) Louis XIV
 - B) Louis XVI
 - C) Marie Antoinette
 - D) Nicholas II
- 4) Why was the subsistence crisis caused in France? **1.0**
- A) The wages of the people were low
 - B) There was widespread unemployment
 - C) Increase in population led to rapid increase in the demand of food grains
 - D) The government imposed various taxes
- 5) What was the main purpose of the Nuremberg Laws of 1935? **1.0**
- A) To punish war criminals
 - B) To promote Nazi propaganda
 - C) To segregate Jews from the rest of the population
 - D) To draft German men into the army

Short Description (2 marks)**1 x 2=2**

- 6) Why did Helmuth's father shoot himself?

2.0**Medium Description (3 Marks)****1 x 3=3**

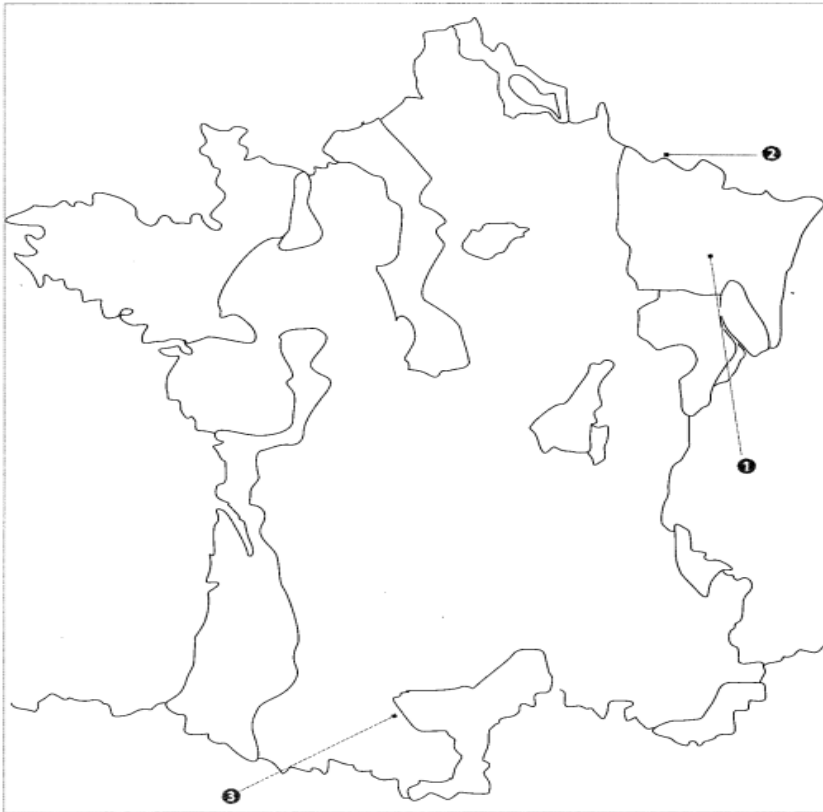
- 7) Describe the life of the tribal people of Bastar.

3.0**Long Description (5 Marks)****1 x 5=5**

- 8) What is forestry?

5.0**Solve Question 9 to Question 11 based on the following paragraph:**

Features are marked by numbers in the given outline map of France. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked in the map.



- 9) The region not affected by the Great Fear
or
Regions of France not affected by the Great Fear

1.0

- 10) The place where Napoleon Bonaparte was finally defeated in 1815

2.0

- 11) Region of Southern France was not affected by the Great Fear

2.0

Multiple Choice Questions (1 Marks)**5 x 1=5**

- 1) What is meant by 'Office Memorandum'? **1.0**
- A) Order issued by the Government of India
 - B) Memoirs of the leaders of the past
 - C) Important defence documents
 - D) None of the above
- 2) Which of these is not a part of the district and local level bodies? **1.0**
- A) Panchayats
 - B) Municipalities
 - C) Corporations
 - D) Lok Sabha
- 3) What did Dr. Ambedkar refer to the 'Right to Constitutional Remedies' as? **1.0**
- A) The brain of our Constitution
 - B) The heart and soul of our Constitution
 - C) The heart of our Constitution
 - D) The soul of our Constitution
- 4) In a democratic system, who holds the ultimate power? **1.0**
- A) The military
 - B) Elected representatives
 - C) Religious leaders
 - D) Business tycoons
- 5) Which of these countries is/are examples of a Republic? **1.0**
- A) USA
 - B) India
 - C) South Africa
 - D) All the above

Short Description (2 marks)

1 x 2=2

- 6) Write a short note on Nelson Mandela.

2.0

Medium Description (3 Marks)

2 x 3=6

- 7) Write a short note of National Human Rights Commission.

3.0

- 8) What is a Coalition government? What constraints has it imposed on the powers of the Prime Minister?

3.0

Long Description (5 Marks)

1 x 5=5

- 9) Compare the two houses of the Indian Parliament.

5.0

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Multiple Choice Questions (1 Marks)

5 x 1=5

- 1) The forest type that is also known as 'tropical rain forest' in India is: **1.0**
- A) Tropical evergreen forest
 - B) Tropical deciduous forest
 - C) Montane forest
 - D) Mangrove forest
- 2) In winter, the northeast _____ prevail over India. **1.0**
- A) Kaal Baisakhi
 - B) Trade winds
 - C) Monsoon
 - D) Loo
- 3) India's population accounts for ____ per cent of the world's population. **1.0**
- A) 7.41
 - B) 9.42
 - C) 12.63
 - D) 16.7
- 4) What is a population pyramid? **1.0**
- A) A type of monument
 - B) A graphical illustration that shows the distribution of various age groups in a population
 - C) A type of statistical measure
 - D) A measurement of population density
- 5) The tropical rainforests in India are found in which of the following states? **1.0**
- A) Rajasthan
 - B) Kerala
 - C) Punjab
 - D) Himachal Pradesh

Short Description (2 marks)**1 x 2=2**

- 6) On the outline map of India, locate and label the following cities.
- (a) Thiruvananthapuram
 - (b) Chennai
 - (c) Jodhpur
 - (d) Bengaluru
 - (e) Mumbai
 - (f) Kolkata
 - (g) Leh
 - (h) Shillong
 - (i) Delhi
 - (j) Nagpur

2.0**Medium Description (3 Marks)****1 x 3=3**

- 7) What are mammals?

3.0**Long Description (5 Marks)****1 x 5=5**

- 8) Discuss various drainage patterns.

5.0

Multiple Choice Questions (1 Marks)

5 x 1=5

- 1) What was the main objective of the Antyodaya Anna Yojana (AAY)? **1.0**
- A) To provide high-quality seeds to farmers
 - B) To provide food security to the poorest of the poor
 - C) To promote organic farming
 - D) To improve irrigation facilities
- 2) Which organization publishes the Global Hunger Index? **1.0**
- A) World Bank
 - B) World Health Organization
 - C) International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI)
 - D) Food and Agriculture Organization
- 3) Which government initiative aims to improve the employability of youth in India by providing skill training? **1.0**
- A) Make in India
 - B) Digital India
 - C) Skill India
 - D) Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
- 4) Which of the following is the most abundant factor of production in India? **1.0**
- A) Labour
 - B) Capital
 - C) Land
 - D) Tools and machines
- 5) Which of the following indicators is used to measure poverty in India? **1.0**
- A) Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per capita
 - B) Human Development Index (HDI)
 - C) Poverty Line
 - D) Unemployment rate

Short Description (2 marks)**1 x 2=2**

- 6) How does growth rate in population increase poverty in a country? Explain.

2.0**Medium Description (3 Marks)****1 x 3=3**

- 7) "Unemployment has a detrimental impact on the overall growth of an economy" Explain.

3.0**Long Description (5 Marks)****1 x 5=5**

- 8) Differentiate between urban and rural poverty taking example of Ram Saran for urban case and Lakha Singh for rural case

5.0**Solve Question 9 to Question 11 based on the following paragraph:**

Read the paragraph and give the answer the question:

Mishrilal has purchased a mechanical sugarcane crushing machine run on electricity and has set it up on his field. Sugarcane crushing was earlier done with the help of bullocks, but people prefer to do it by machines these days. Mishrilal also buys sugarcane from other farmers and processes it into jaggery. The jaggery is then sold to traders at Shahpur. In the process, Mishrilal makes a small profit. Kareem has opened a computer class centre in the village. In recent years a large number of students have been attending college in Shahapur town. Kareem found that a number of students from the village are also attending computer classes in the town. There were two women in the village who had a degree in computer applications. He decided to employ them. He bought computers and set up the classes in the front room of their house overlooking the market. High school students have started attending them in good numbers.

- 9) Who provides the labour in this case?

1.0

- 10) Could you think of any reasons when he might face a loss?"

1.0

- 11) What capital did Mishrilal need to set up his jaggery manufacturing unit?

2.0

Solve Question 12 to Question 14 based on the following paragraph:

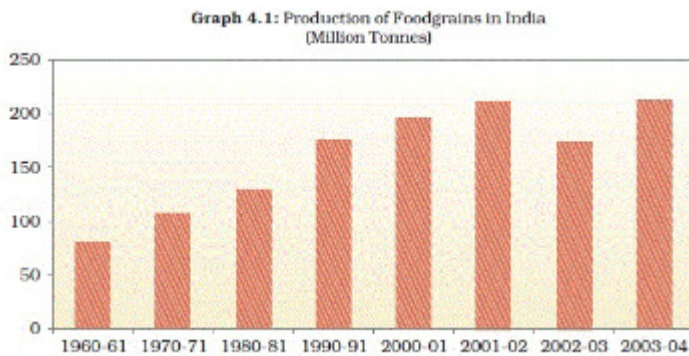
Study the graph at of and answer the following questions:



- 12) Has the literacy rates of the population increased since 1951? **1.0**
- 13) In which year India has the highest literacy rates? **1.0**
- 14) Why literacy rate is high among the males of India? **2.0**

Solve Question 15 to Question 17 based on the following paragraph:

Study the Graph and answer the following question :



- 15) Is production increase consistent in India since 2000-01? **2.0**
- 16) In which year did our country cross the 200 million tonnes per year mark in food grain production? **1.0**
- 17) In which decade did India experience the highest decadal increase in food grain production? **1.0**